Raster tiles are rectangular in geographic coordinates, correspond to standard USGS 7.5-minute quadrangles and divisions thereof, and are named according to the scheme
qAAOOORCQ (quarter-quadrangle, 3.75 minute by 3.75 minute region)
where AA is the integer north latitude of the SE corner of the $1^{\circ} \mathrm{x} 1^{\circ}$ region that contains the quadrangle, OOO is the integer west longitude of the SE corner of the $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ region, R is the row, labeled from a to $\mathbf{h}$, south to north, and C is the column, labeled from $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{8}$, east to west. That is, in diagram A below of the $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ region with a southeast corner at latitude 45 N , longitude 118 W , the highlighted quadrangle is $q 45118 \mathrm{~d} 2$.

Q is the quadrangle quadrant, which is numbered west-to-east, north-to-south, as is shown in diagram B below. That is, the highlighted quarter-quadrangle tile in diagram B is $q 45118 \mathrm{~d} 22$.


